



FINANCE DEPARTMENT

**TAMIL NADU TRANSPARENCY IN
TENDERS ACT, 1998.**

**TAMIL NADU TRANSPARENCY IN
TENDERS RULES, 2000.**

AND

**TAMIL NADU TRANSPARENCY IN TENDERS
(PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP
PROCUREMENT) RULES, 2012.**

(As amended upto the 12th May, 2023)

©

Government of Tamil Nadu

2023

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TENDERS RULES, 2000.**

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[Published in TNGGE No.700, Dated 1st October 2000 - Part-III – Section 1(a) of.
(No.SRO.A-81 (c) / 2000 - G.O.Ms.No.446 / 26th September, 2000)].

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 22 of the Tamil Nadu Transparency in Tenders Act, 1998 (Tamil Nadu Act 43 of 1998), the Governor of Tamil Nadu hereby makes the following rules, namely.-

CHAPTER-I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. Short title and commencement.- (a) These rules may be called the Tamil Nadu Transparency in Tenders Rules, 2000.

(b) They shall come into force on the date 1st October, 2000.

¹[(c) These rules shall apply to all types of procurement except the procurement of Projects under the Public Private Partnerships.]

2. Definitions.- In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,-

(a) **'Act'** means the Tamil Nadu Transparency in Tenders Act, 1998 (Tamil Nadu Act 43 of 1998);

(b) **'Supply and Installation Contract'** means a contract under which the tenderer is required to supply, erect, test and commission the equipment at the place specified by the Procuring Entity;

(c) **'Fixed Rate Contract'** means a contract where a set of rates and terms and conditions are fixed for the supply of unit quantities of goods or certain standardized services;

(d) **'Pre-qualification'** means the process by which the tenderers are first screened for their capability and resources to implement the contract before they are permitted to offer their tenders;

¹Added by Amt. No.1(c). [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

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(e) **‘Two-cover System’** means a procedure under which the tenderers are required to simultaneously submit two separate sealed covers, one containing the Earnest Money Deposit and the details of their capability to undertake the tender which will be opened first and the second cover containing the ²[financial] quotation which will be opened only if the tenderer is found qualified to execute the tender;

(f) **‘Earnest Money Deposit (EMD)’** means the amount required to be remitted by a tenderer along with his tender indicating his willingness to implement the contract;

³(g) **‘Lump-sum Contract’** means a contract under which a tenderer is engaged to carry out a work or effect supply as specified within a given period and for a fixed total price and the tenderer is paid depending on the completion of work or supply to specification and adherence to the time schedule:

Provided that where appropriate, unit rates or prices for each of the various items comprising such work or supply may also be specified to facilitate interim payments depending on the actual quantities of work executed or supplies effected.

(h) **‘Multi-Stage Tender’** means a tender in which there are atleast two stages including an initial stage of short-listing based on the fulfillment of eligibility criteria based on experience and financial or technical parameters or both and a final stage in which only the qualified, short-listed tenderers are invited to submit their financial bids;

(i) **‘Piece-Work Contract’** means a contract under which only unit rates or prices for various kinds of work or materials are agreed upon for a given period of time without reference to the total quantity of work to be done or the material to be supplied and the time period within which the work or supply is to be completed;

² Substituted by Amt.No.2(a) for [‘price’. [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

³ Substituted by Amt. No.2(b) for clause (g) “piece-work contract” and “lump-sum contract” shall have the same meaning as in the Tamil Nadu Public Department Code’ [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

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⁴(ii) “Start up” means any commercial entity, incorporated as a private limited company under the Companies Act,2013 (Central Act 18 of 2013) or registered as a firm or as a limited liability partnership under the Indian Partnership Act,1932 (Central Act IX of 1932) or the Limited Liability Partnership Act,2008 (Central Act 6 of 2009), respectively, in this State and a period of seven years has not lapsed since the date of its incorporation or registration, as the case may be, and its turnover has not exceeded rupees twenty five crore in any financial year:

Provided that in bio-technology, artificial intelligence or machine learning sectors a period of ten years has not lapsed:

Provided further that no such entity has been formed by splitting up or by reconstruction of an existing commercial entity.”.

(j) **‘Turn-key Contract’** is a contract under which the tenderer is required to undertake within the framework specified by the Procuring Entity the entire responsibility for detailed investigation, planning, design, construction and commissioning of the total project.]

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⁴ Inserted by the Amendment [TNGGE No.576 /05.12-2022]-G.O.Ms.No.367/05.12.2022].

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CHAPTER-II.

GENERAL.

3. Categories of Procurement.- (1) For the purposes of the application of these rules, procurement is categorized as follows, namely:-

- (i) Construction; and
- (ii) Supply of Goods and Services.

(2) While the provisions of these rules shall apply in general to each of the categories of procurement in sub-rule (1), where a specific provision has been made in the rules regarding any specific category, that specific provision shall prevail as against any general provision in so far as that category of procurement is concerned.

4. Methods of Tendering.- (1) Procurement of different categories shall be effected by the following methods of tendering, namely:-

- (i) Piece-work Contract;
- (ii) Lump-sum Contract;
- (iii) Turn-key Contract;
- (iv) Multi-stage contracting including pre-qualification and two cover system; and
- (v) Fixed Rate Contract.

(2) The Tender Inviting Authority shall decide the method of tendering to be followed in each case having regard to the category, size and complexity of the procurement.

(3) While the provisions of these rules shall apply to each of the methods of procurement indicated in sub-rule (1) generally where a specific provision has been made in these rules regarding a particular method of tendering, such specific provision shall prevail as against any general provision in so far as that particular method of tendering is concerned.

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⁵**4-A.** The Government may mandate procuring entities to do procurement through electronic mode through web portals as may be specified by order.]

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⁵ *Inserted by the Amendment [TNGGE No. /30.03-2023] - G.O.Ms.No.93/30.03.2023].*

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CHAPTER-III. PUBLICITY.

5. Publication of Tender Bulletin.- (1) The District Tender Bulletin shall be published ⁶[by electronic mode] by the District Tender Bulletin Officer at least once in every week.

(2) The State Tender Bulletin shall be published ⁷[by electronic mode] by the State Tender Bulletin Officer at least once in every week.

(3) The Tender Bulletin Officer shall cause to be published all Notices Inviting Tenders and intimations of acceptance of tenders received upto twenty four hours prior to the actual publication of the bulletin.

(4) In case a Notice Inviting Tender or information relating to acceptance of the tender needs to be published urgently, then the Secretary to Government of the concerned administrative department in the case of the State Tender Bulletin or the District Collector in the case of the District Tender Bulletin can for reasons to be recorded in writing, direct the respective Tender Bulletin Officers to publish an extraordinary issue of the Tender Bulletin.

6. Distribution of Tender Bulletins.- ⁸[(1) The Tender Bulletin Officer shall deliver the Tender Bulletin to the registered subscribers by e-mail and publish tender bulletins in the dedicated website administered by the State Tender Bulletin Officer for viewing or downloading by tenderers or any person subscribing to Tender Bulletins.]

⁹[(2) ...]

⁶ Inserted by Amt. No.1(i) [TNGGE No.225, dated 26-06-2018 (No.SRO A-35(b)/2018) – G.O.Ms.No.207 / 26-06-2018].

⁷ Inserted by Amt. No.1(ii), [TNGGE No.225, dated 26-06-2018 (No.SRO A-35(b)/2018) – G.O.Ms.No.207 / 26-06-2018].

⁸ Substituted by Amt. No.2(i) for “(1) The Tender Bulletin Officer shall make the Tender Bulletin available at any office of a Government Department, local authority, statutory board, public sector undertaking, local body, university or co-operative institution” [TNGGE No.225, dated 26-06-2018 (No.SRO A-35(b)/2018) – G.O.Ms.No.207 / 26-06-2018].

⁹ Omitted by Amt. No.2(ii) “(2) The Tender Bulletin Officer shall make available adequate copies of the tender bulletin at the office of the Tender Inviting Authority whose notice inviting tenders and intimation of tender acceptance finds place in the bulletin.” [TNGGE No.225, dated 26-06-2018 (No.SRO A-35(b)/2018) – G.O.Ms.No.207 / 26-06-2018].

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(3) Any person or institution can be enrolled as a regular subscriber to the tender bulletin on payment of a fixed fee annually, half-yearly or quarterly, as the case may be.

7. Tender Bulletin to contain information only.- (1) The tender bulletin shall contain only information of the Notice Inviting Tenders and the orders accepting a tender and does not in itself create a legal right or liability.

(2) A Notice Inviting Tender will not be invalidated merely on the grounds that the notice although published in newspapers has not been published in one or the other of the District Tender Bulletins or State Tender Bulletins or when published in the State Tender Bulletin could not be published in a District Tender Bulletin or vice versa.

8. Information to be published in the District Tender Bulletin.- Subject to the provisions of rule 10, Notices Inviting Tenders and decisions on tenders in all cases where the value of the procurement exceeds rupees ¹⁰[ten lakhs and is] below rupees twenty five lakhs shall be published in the District Tender Bulletin of the district where the headquarters of the Tender Inviting Authority is located and in the district where the work is to be executed or the goods and services supplied.

9. Information to be published in the State Tender Bulletin.- The Notice Inviting Tenders and decisions on tenders shall be published in the State Tender Bulletin in cases where.-

(a) The value of procurement exceeds ¹¹[such amount as may be notified by the Government in this behalf.]

(b) The Tender Inviting Authority is a Secretary to Government, or a head of a Government department, or Local Authority or the Chief Executive of a Public Sector Undertaking, Statutory Board, Apex Cooperative Institution, University or State Level Society formed by the Government.

¹⁰ Substituted by Amt. No.3 for the expression 'five lakhs or' [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11-12-2012].

¹¹ Substituted by Amt. for the expression rupees twenty lakhs ' [TNGGE No.. / 23-01-2023 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2023) - G.O.Ms.No.19 / 20-01-2023].

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(c) In any other case, where the Tender Inviting Authority deems it fit.

10. Details to be mentioned in Notice Inviting Tenders.- The Notice Inviting Tenders shall contain the following details, namely:-

(a) The name and address of the Procuring Entity and the designation and address of the Tender Inviting Authority;

(b) Name of the scheme, project or programme for which the procurement is to be effected;

(c) The date upto which and places from where the tender documents can be obtained;

(d) The amount of Earnest Money Deposit (EMD) payable;

(e) The last date and time for receipt of tenders;

(f) The date, time and place for opening of tenders received; and

(g) Any other information the Tender Inviting Authority considers relevant.

11. Publication of Notice Inviting Tenders in Newspapers.-
¹²[1..]

¹² Omitted by the amt [TNGGE No.178, dated 12.05.2023 (No.SRO A-18(a-1)/2023) – G.O.Ms.No.135 /12.05.2023 “For The Tender Inviting Authority shall have the Notice Inviting Tenders published in the Indian Trade Journal in all cases where the value of procurement exceeds rupees {the amount as may be notified by the Government in this behalf.[Substituted by Amt for the words ‘seventy five crores’ [TNGEE No.27, dated 20-01-2023 (No.SRO A-1/(e-1)/2023) (G.O.Ms.No.19 / 20.01.2023) and amt No.3(i) for the words ‘fifty crores’ [TNGGE No.225, dated 26-06-2018 (No.SRO A-35(b)/2018) – G.O.Ms.No.207 / 26-06-2018]. [Earlier for the words ‘ten crores]’ were substituted by ‘[fifty crores]’ by Amt. No.1 [TNGGE No.212 / 18-08-2009 (No.SRO A-22(a)/2009) - G.O.Ms.No.392 /18th August, 2009]].

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¹³[(2) The Tender Inviting Authority shall have the Notice Inviting Tenders published in daily newspapers. The number, editions and language of the newspapers in which the Notice Inviting Tenders shall be published will be based on the value of procurement as specified in the Annexure.]

(3) In cases where publication of Tender Inviting Notice is to be done only in Newspapers with circulation within the District, the Information and Public Relations Officer attached to the District Collectorate shall be the competent authority to release the advertisement and in all other cases the competent authority to release the advertisement shall be the Director of Information and Public Relations, Chennai.

¹⁴(4) The Notice Inviting Tender shall be given due publicity in Newspapers. The Director of Information and Public Relations will publish the Notice Inviting Tenders as per instructions of the Procuring Entity.

12. Sending Notice Inviting Tenders to all possible tenderers.- The Tender Inviting Authority may if he considers necessary, send the Notice Inviting Tenders to all possible tenderers including registered contractor, past supplier, any potential supplier and any other well known company or firm directly.

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¹³ *Substituted by Amt No.3(ii) for sub-rule '(2) The number, editions and language of the newspapers in which the Notice Inviting Tenders shall be published will be based on the value of procurement' [TNGGE No.225, dated 26-06-2018 (No. SRO A-35(b)/2018) – G.O.Ms.No.207 / 26-06-2018].*

¹⁴ *Substituted by Amt. [TNGGE No. / 20-01-2023 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2023) - G.O.Ms.No.19 / 20-01-2023] substituted amt No.4 for the expression 'tendering department' [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].*

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CHAPTER IV.

NOTICE INVITING TENDERS AND TENDER DOCUMENTS.

13. Technical specifications contained in the Tender Documents.- (1) The technical specifications contained in the tender documents shall include a detailed description of what is proposed to be procured.

(2) Unbiased technical specifications shall be prepared by observing the following safeguards, namely.-

(a) use of brand names and catalogue numbers shall be avoided and where it becomes unavoidable, along with the brand name the expression “or equivalent” shall be added:

¹⁵[Provided that such specifications should as far as practicable specify the output or service levels to be delivered.]

(b) wherever possible the appropriate Indian Standards with the number shall be incorporated;

(c) in the case of construction tenders, detailed estimates shall be prepared by the competent technical authorities based on the schedule of rates and standard data as revised from time to time:

Provided that for large and prestigious projects, the Government shall permit any Procuring Entity to engage a qualified private architect or consultant to prepare the design and estimates; and

(d) in case alternative designs or materials are permitted, the conditions for their acceptability and the method of their evaluation shall be clearly stated.

¹⁶[**13-A. General Condition.-** The tender document shall include a condition that all the contractors and sub-contractors hired by main contractors shall engage construction workers registered with the Construction Workers Welfare Board as required under the Building and Other Construction Workers (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1996 (Central Act 27 of 1996).]

¹⁵ Added by Amt. No.(4) [TNGGE No.345, dated 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

¹⁶ Inserted by Amt. No.1 [TNGGE No. 332, dated 17-10-2017 (No.SRO A-46(d)/2017) - G.O.Ms.No.309 / 17-10-2017].

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14. Commercial Conditions.- ¹⁷[(1) The tender documents shall require all tenderers without exception to pay an Earnest Money Deposit (EMD) ordinarily not exceeding one per cent of the value of the procurement by means of [electronic mode of payment or] in the form of a demand draft, bankers cheque, specified small savings instruments or where the procuring entity deems fit, irrevocable bank guarantee in a prescribed form. The tender documents shall clearly state that any tender submitted without the Earnest Money Deposit (EMD) in the approved form be summarily rejected:]

Provided that any category of tenderers specifically exempted by the Government from the payment of Earnest Money Deposit (EMD) will not be required to make such a deposit.

(2) The tender documents shall specify the period for which the tenderer should hold the ¹⁸[financial bids] offered in the tender valid:

¹⁹[Provided that the initial period of validity shall ordinarily be ninety days.]

(3) The tender documents shall require that as a guarantee of the tenderer's performance of the contract, a security deposit be taken from the successful tenderer subject to the conditions that.-

(a) the amount of the deposit not exceeding five per cent of the value of the orders placed: and

²⁰[(b) The deposit being in the form of electronic mode of payment or in the form of demand draft or banker's cheque or specified small savings instruments or where the procuring entity deems fit, irrevocable bank guarantee in an approved form.]

¹⁷ Substituted excluding the proviso thereto by Amt No.1(i) for insertion of "electronic mode of payment or" [TNGGE No. 296, dated 19-09-2017- G.O.Ms.No.271 / 19th September 2017].

¹⁸ Substituted by Amt. No.6(a)(i) for the expression "prices" [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

¹⁹ Substituted by Amt. No.6(a)(ii) for the proviso 'Provided that the initial period of validity shall not be less than ninety days,' [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

²⁰ Substituted by Amt No.1(ii) for insertion of "electronic mode of payment or in the form of" TNGGE No. 296, dated 19-09-2017- G.O.Ms.No.271 / 19th September 2017].

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(4) The tender documents shall clearly indicate the payment terms conforming to the following requirements.-

²¹(a) Payment shall ordinarily be effected only on completion of delivery against the orders placed:

Provided that payment of advance may be made in the following cases for sufficient reasons to be recorded by the Procuring Entity:-

(i) in cases where goods, commodities and services are procured through imports requiring opening of Letter of Credit;

(ii) in cases where there is single source of supply only and where the practice of paying advance is already in vogue as a standard practice;

(iii) in cases of purchase during natural calamities and emergencies declared by the Government under clause (a) of section 16 of the Act;

(iv) in cases of purchase of life saving drugs; and

(v) in cases where the standard commercial terms of supply require payment of advance by the Procuring Entity, such as the machinery and equipment manufacturers for sugar and cement plants.]

(b) Mobilization advances may be paid in the case of construction or supply and installation contracts of a large and complex nature, for a value exceeding rupees one crore:

Provided that such mobilization advances shall not ordinarily exceed ten per cent of the value of the contract, shall be secured against irrevocable bank guarantee and shall be recovered in the subsequent bills payable along with interest as per specific terms set in the tender documents

Provided further that in case of mobilisation advances for plant machinery and equipment, they are also hypothecated to the Governor of Tamil Nadu in addition to other requirements;

(c) Percentage of payment to be withheld for the effective performance of the contract:

²¹ *Substituted by Amendment for the clause 'Payment shall ordinarily be effected only on completion of delivery against the orders placed, subject to the exceptions specified in the tender documents,' [TNGG No.14 / 14-04-2004 (No.SRO A-12/2004) - G.O.Ms.No.107 / 23rd March, 2004].*

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Provided that withheld amounts do not exceed ten per cent of the total value of contract;

(d) Payment terms for imports shall be based on standard terms of international trade and the payment may be effected through irrevocable Letters of Credit drawn on banks;

(5) The tender documents shall clearly indicate whether any variations in the commercial terms prescribed in the documents will be permitted and if so to what extent such variations would be considered.

(6) The tender documents and the contract shall include a clause for payment of liquidated damages and penalty payable by the tenderer in the event of non-fulfillment of any or whole of the contract.

(7) The tender documents shall clearly indicate the terms on which the tenderers will be required to quote their ²²[financial bid] which should be inclusive of all costs of delivery at the final destination such as transportation, payment of duties and taxes leviable, insurance and any incidental services and giving the break up thereof.

²³ & ²⁴[(7-A) The tender documents shall include then details of purchase preference as provided in the Chapter VI-A.]

(8) The tender documents shall include a price adjustment clause to reflect any changes either upward or downward in major cost components such as labour, equipment, material and fuel, based on a prescribed formula in the case of large contracts where the period of execution is likely to exceed eighteen months.

(9) The tender documents shall indicate the quantity proposed to be procured in the tender, and the Tender Accepting Authority shall be ordinarily permitted to vary the quantity finally ordered only to the extent of twenty five percent either way of the requirement indicated in the tender documents.

²² Substituted by Amt No.6(b)(i) for the expression 'prices,' [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

²³ Inserted by Amt. No.1, '(7-A) The tender documents shall clearly indicate the criteria for evaluation and comparison of tenders and shall also provide for a price preference of fifteen percent for domestic small scale industrial units and ten percent for the Public Sector Undertakings of the Government in respect of products and quantities manufactured by them' [TNGG No.44 / 21-11-2001 (No.SRO A-72(m-a)/2001) - G.O.Ms.No.452 / 16th November, 2001]. (w.e.f. 1-12-2001) and then Omitted by Amt. No.6(b)(ii), [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

²⁴ Inserted by Amt No.4 [TNGGE No.225, dated 26-06-2018 (No. SRO A-35(b)/2018) – G.O.Ms.No.207 / 26-06-2018].

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15. Tender documents to clearly specify evaluation criteria.- (1) The tender documents shall clearly indicate the criteria ²⁵[including financial bid] which are to be adopted for evaluating the tenders and how such criteria will be quantified or evaluated; and

²⁶[(2) The qualification criteria in terms of the registration of contractors in the cases where the Procuring Entity has a system of registration of contractors, the required experience, available manufacturing and construction capacity, technical and other manpower and financial status shall be clearly stated in the tender documents.]

16. Supply of Tender Documents.- (1) The Tender Inviting Authority shall make available the tender documents ²⁷[from the date of publication of the Notice Inviting Tenders].

²⁸[(2) The Tender Inviting Authority shall ensure that the tender documents are made available to any person who is willing to remit the cost of such documents.]

²⁹[(3) (a) The tender documents shall be made available at:-

- (i) the office of the Tender Inviting Authority;
- (ii) any other office or place indicated by the Procuring Entity.

²⁵ Substituted by Amt. No.7 for the expression 'in addition to price,' [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

²⁶ Substituted by Amt. No.1 for the clause 'The qualification criteria in terms of required experience, available manufacturing and construction capacity, technical and other manpower and financial status shall be clearly stated in the tender documents,' [TNGGE No.127 / 22-05-2007 (No.SRO A-19(c))/2007) - G.O.Ms.No.177 / 22nd May, 2007].

²⁷ Substituted by Amt. No.8 for the expression 'from the date of publication of the tender,' [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

²⁸ Substituted by Amt. No.2(a) for the sub-rule '(2) The Tender Inviting Authority shall ensure that the tender documents are made available to any person who is willing to remit the cost of the documents:' 'Provided that in cases where the procuring entity has a system of registration of contractors, the tender documents will be supplied only to registered contractors in the appropriate class,' [TNGGE No.127 / 22-05-2007 (No.SRO A-19(c))/2007) - G.O.Ms.No.177 / 22nd May, 2007].

²⁹ Substituted by Amt. No.2(b) for the sub-rule '(3) The tender documents shall be made available at the following offices, namely:- (i) the office of the Tender Inviting Authority; (ii) any other office or place indicated by the procuring entity,' [TNGGE No.127 / 22-05-2007 (No.SRO A-19(c))/2007) - G.O.Ms.No.177 / 22nd May, 2007].

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³⁰(b) The tender document shall be made available for downloading free of cost at the website designated for this purpose by the Government. Tender documents may also be made available free of cost at such other websites as may be indicated by the Tender Inviting Authority.]

(4) The Tender Inviting Authority shall send by registered post or courier the tender documents to any prospective tenderer who makes a request for the documents on payment of cost along with postal charges at the risk and responsibility of the prospective tenderer.

17. Clarification to Tender Documents.-³¹[(1) At any time after the issue of the tender documents and before the opening of the tender, the Tender Inviting Authority may make any changes, modifications or amendments to the tender documents and shall send intimation of such change to all those who have purchased the original tender documents and upload corrigendum for the information of those who have downloaded the tender documents from the website.]

³²[(2) In case any tenderer asks for a clarification on the tender documents before 48 hours of the opening of the tender, the Tender Inviting Authority shall ensure that a reply is sent and copies of the reply to the clarification sought shall be communicated to all those who have purchased the tender documents without identifying the source of the query and upload such clarification to the designated website for the information of those who have downloaded the tender documents from the website, without identifying the source of the query.]

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³⁰ Substituted by Amt. [TNGGE No.27 / 20-01-2023 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2023) - G.O.Ms.No.19 / 20-01-2023]

³¹ Substituted by Amt. No.1(a) for sub-rule '(1) At any time after the issue of the tender documents and before the opening of the tender, the Tender Inviting Authority may make any changes, modifications or amendments to the tender documents and shall send intimation of such change to all those who have purchased the original tender documents,' [TNGGE No.272A / 30-09-2007 (No.SRO A-44(a-1)/2007) - G.O.Ms.No.471 / 30th Sept., 2007].

³² Substituted by Amt. No.1(b) for sub-rule '(2) In case any one tenderer asks for a clarification to the tender documents before 48 hours of the opening of the tender, the Tender Inviting Authority shall ensure that a reply is sent and copies of the reply to the clarification sought shall be communicated to all those who have purchased the tender documents without identifying the source of the query.' [TNGGE No.272A / 30-09-2007 (No.SRO A-44(a-1)/2007) - G.O.Ms.No.471 / 30th Sept., 2007].

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CHAPTER-V.

RECEIPT OF TENDERS AND TENDER OPENING.

18. Place and time for receipt of tenders.- ³³[(1) The Tender Inviting Authority shall ensure that adequate arrangements are made for the proper receipt and safe custody of the tenders at the place indicated for the receipt of tenders. Such of the tenders that are received through electronic mail shall be kept electronically locked.]

(2) The Tender Inviting Authority shall take all measures to ensure that no intending tenderer is hindered in submitting his tender.

³⁴[(3) The Tender Inviting Authority shall permit the submission of tenders by post or courier or by electronic submission through the designated website, wherever applicable:

Provided that the Tender Inviting Authority shall not be responsible for any delay in transit in such cases.]

(4) The Tender Inviting Authority shall not accept any tenders submitted by facsimile (fax) ³⁵[...].

(5) The Tender Inviting Authority may extend the last date and time for receiving tenders ³⁶[which shall be published on the designated website also] after giving adequate notice to all intending tenderers in cases where.-

(a) the publication of the tender notice has been delayed;

(b) the communication of changes, in the tender documents to the prospective tenderers under sub-rule (1) of rule 17 took time;

(c) any of the tenderers requested clarifications, the communication of which took time to all the tenderers; and

³³ Substituted by Amt No.2 (a) for the sub-rule '(1) The Tender Inviting Authority shall ensure that adequate arrangements are made for the proper receipt and safe custody of the tenders at the place indicated for the receipt of tenders.' [TNGGE No.272A / 30-09-2007 (No.SRO A-44(a-1)/2007) - G.O.Ms.No.471 / 30th Sept., 2007].

³⁴ Substituted by Amt. No.2(b) for sub-rule '(3)The Tender Inviting Authority shall permit the submission of tenders by post or courier, provided that the Tender Inviting Authority shall not be responsible for any delay in transit in such cases,' [TNGGE No.272A / 30-09-2007 (No.SRO A-44(a-1)/2007) - G.O.Ms.No.471 / 30th September, 2007].

³⁵ Omitted by Amt. No.2(c) the expression 'of by electronic mail'. [TNGGE No.272A / 30-09-2007 (No.SRO A-44(a-1)/2007) - G.O.Ms.No.471 / 30th Sept., 2007].

³⁶ Inserted by Amt. No.2(d) after the expression 'receiving tenders' [TNGGE No.272A / 30-09-2007 (No.SRO A-44(a-1)/2007) - G.O.Ms.No.471 / 30th September., 2007].

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(d) any other reasonable grounds exist, for such extension which shall be recorded in writing by the Tender Inviting Authority.

³⁷[(e) in the case of tenders not submitted electronically, the tenderer shall ensure that all the pages are serially numbered and the submitted tender documents are properly stitched and bound.]

19. Marking of covers in which the tender is submitted.-

The tenderer shall be responsible for properly superscribing and sealing the cover in which the tender is submitted and the Tender Inviting Authority shall not be responsible for accidental opening of the covers that are not properly superscripted and sealed as required in the tender documents before the time appointed for tender opening.

20. Minimum time for submission of tenders.- (1) The Tender Inviting Authority shall ensure that adequate time is provided for the submission of tenders and a minimum time is allowed between date of publication of the Notice Inviting Tenders in the relevant Tender Bulletin or in the newspapers whichever is later and the last date for submission of tenders. This minimum period shall be as follows.-

- (a) for tenders upto rupees ³⁸[ten crore] in value, fifteen days; and
- (b) for tenders in excess of rupees ³⁹[ten crore] in value, thirty days.

(2) Any reduction in the time stipulated as per sub-rule (1) has to be specifically authorized by an authority superior to the Tender Inviting Authority for reasons to be recorded in writing.

⁴⁰**[20-A. Withdrawal of Tenders Before Opening:-** (1) No tenderer shall be allowed to withdraw the tenders after submitting the tender.

(2) A Tenderer may submit a modified tender before the last date for receipt of tender:

³⁷ Added by Amt. No.(9) [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

³⁸ Substituted by Amt. for the expression "two crores" [TNGGE No.27 / 20-01-2023 (No.SRO.A-1/(e-1)/2023) - G.O.Ms.No.19 / 20-01-2023].

³⁹ Substituted by Amt. for the expression "two crores" [TNGGE No.27 / 20-01-2023 (No.SRO.A-1/(e-1)/2023) - G.O.Ms.No.19 / 20-01-2023].

⁴⁰ Added by Amt. No.(10) [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

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Provided that where more than one tender is submitted by the same tenderer, the lowest eligible financial tender shall be considered for evaluation.]

21. Opening of Tenders.- (1) All the tenders received by the ⁴¹[Tender Inviting Authority] shall be ⁴²[opened at the time and venue] specified in the Notice Inviting Tenders and in cases where an extension of time for the submission of tenders has been given subsequent to the original Notice Inviting Tenders in accordance with sub-rule (5) of rule 18 at the time so specified subsequently. ⁴³[The e-submitted tenders may be permitted to be opened by a Tender Inviting Authority or a member of the Tender Scrutiny Committee from their new location if they are transferred after the issue of Notice Inviting Tender and before tender opening and where the new incumbent is yet to obtain his digital signature certified.]

(2) The time specified for the opening of tenders shall be immediately after the closing time specified for the receipt of tenders allowing a reasonable period, not exceeding one hour, for the transportation of the tenders received to the place they are to be opened in the presence of the tenderers who choose to be present.

(3) The tenders will be opened in the presence of the tenderers or one representative of the tenderer who chooses to be present.

22. Procedure to be followed at tender opening.- The following procedure shall be followed at the tender opening.-

⁴⁴[(a) All the envelopes containing tenders and the tenders received through the electronic mail in the designated website shall be counted.]

⁴¹ Substituted by Amt. No.(11)(a) for the expression 'Tender Accepting Authority,' [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

⁴² Substituted by Amt. No.(11)(b) for the expression 'opened at the time,' [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

⁴³ Added by Amt No.3, [TNGGE No.272A / 30-09-2007 (No.SRO A-44(a-1)/2007) - G.O.Ms.No.471 / 30th September, 2007].

⁴⁴ Substituted for the clause '(a) All the envelope containing tenders shall be counted,' by Am.t No.4(a), [TNGGE No.272A / 30-09-2007 (No.SRO A-44(a-1)/2007) - G.O.Ms.No.471 / 30th Sept., 2007].

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(b) All the tenders received in time shall be opened.

⁴⁵[(c) Any tender received subsequently shall not be opened and shall be returned unopened to the tenderer and in the case of tenders submitted through electronic mail in the designated website, a report on the late submission of tenders shall be generated and the same shall be sent to the tenderers concerned.];

(d) On opening of the tender, the members of the Tender Scrutiny Committee shall initial the main bid including the prices and any corrections;

(e) A record of the corrections noticed at the time of the bid opening shall be maintained;

(f) The name of the tenderers and the quoted prices should be read out aloud.

(g) the fact whether earnest money deposit has been submitted and other documents required produced may be indicated, but this shall be merely an examination of the documents and not an evaluation;

(h) Minutes of the tender opening shall be recorded.⁴⁶[...]

⁴⁷[(i) The signatures of all the tenderers present shall be obtained and if any of the tenderers or his representative refuses to sign the minutes, the same shall be recorded.]

⁴⁵ Substituted by Amt. No.4(b) for clause '(c) Any tender received subsequently shall not be opened and shall be returned unopened to the tenderer,' [TNGGE No.272A / 30-09-2007 (No.SRO A-44(a-1)/2007) - G.O.Ms.No.471 / 30th Sept., 2007].

⁴⁶ Omitted by Amt. No.(12)(a) the expression 'The signatures of the tenderers present shall be obtained unless any of the tenderers or his representative refuses to sign the minutes,' [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

⁴⁷ Added by Amt. No.(12)(b), [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

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23. Changes and alterations not to be permitted after tender opening.- No changes, amendments which materially alter the tendered prices shall be permitted after the opening of the tender, except as per the procedure prescribed in sub-section (3) of section 10 of the Act.

24. Tender Scrutiny Committee.- (1) A Tender Scrutiny Committee may be constituted to scrutinize the tender documents, supervise opening of tenders, to carry out the preliminary examination and detailed evaluation of the tenders received and to prepare an evaluation report for the consideration of the Tender Accepting Authority.

(2) The constitution of a Tender Scrutiny Committee will be obligatory in all cases where the value of the procurement exceeds limit as may be specified.

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CHAPTER-VI.

TENDER EVALUATION.

25. Tender evaluation to be in accordance with evaluation criteria.- The Tender Accepting Authority shall cause the evaluation of tenders to be carried out strictly in accordance with the evaluation criteria indicated in the tender documents.

26. Time taken for evaluation and extension of tender validity.- (1) The evaluation of tenders and award of contract shall be completed, as far as may be practicable, within the period for which the tenders are held valid.

(2) The Tender Accepting Authority ⁴⁸[may] seek extension of the validity of tenders for the completion of evaluation:

⁴⁹[Provided that sum total of all extensions shall ordinarily not exceed 180 (one hundred and eighty) days.]

(3) In case the evaluation of tenders and award of contract is not completed within extended validity period, all the tenders shall be deemed to have become invalid and fresh tenders may be called for.

27. Process of tender evaluation to be confidential until the award of the contract is notified.- (1) Subject to the provision of ⁵⁰[sections 13 and 14 of the Act], the Tender Inviting Authority shall ensure the confidentiality of the process of tender evaluation until orders on the tenders are passed.

(2) The Tender Accepting Authority shall cause the information on orders passed on the tenders published in the Tender Bulletin.

⁴⁸ Substituted by Amt. No.(13)(a) for the expression 'shall' [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

⁴⁹ Added by Amt. No.13(b) [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

⁵⁰ Substituted by Amt. No.14 for the expression 'sections 12 and 13 of the Act,' [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

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(3) Tenderers shall not make attempts to establish unsolicited and unauthorised contact with the Tender Accepting Authority, Tender Inviting Authority or Tender Scrutiny Committee after the opening of the Tender and prior to the notification of the Award and any attempt by any tenderer to bring to bear extraneous pressures on the Tender Accepting Authority shall be sufficient reason to disqualify the tenderer.

(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (3), the Tender Inviting Authority or the Tender Accepting Authority may seek bonafide clarifications from tenderers relating to the tenders submitted by them during the evaluation of tenders.

28. Initial examination to determine substantial responsiveness.- (1) The Tender Inviting Authority shall cause an initial examination of the tenders submitted to be carried out in order to determine their substantial responsiveness.

(2) The initial examination shall consider the following factors, namely:-

(a) Whether the tenderer meets the eligibility criteria laid down in the tender documents;

⁵¹(b)(i) Whether the crucial documents have been duly signed;

(ii) Whether the documents have been authenticated by digital signature, in the case of tenders submitted through electronic mail in the designated website.]

(c) Whether the requisite Earnest Money Deposit (EMD) has been furnished;

(d) Whether the tender is substantially responsive to the technical specifications, commercial conditions set out in the bidding documents including the testing of samples where required.

(3) Tenders which on initial examination are found not to be substantially responsive under any of the clauses under sub-rule (2) may be rejected by the Tender Accepting Authority.

⁵¹ Substituted by Amt. No.5 for clause '(b) whether the crucial documents have been duly signed,' [TNGGE No.272A / 30-09-2007 (No.SRO A-44(a-1)/2007) - G.O.Ms.No.471 / 30th Sept., 2007].

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29. Determination of the lowest evaluated price.- (1) Out of the tenders found to be substantially responsive after the initial examination, the tenderers who has bid the lowest evaluated price in accordance with the evaluation criteria or the tenderers scoring the highest on the evaluation criteria specified as the case may be shall be determined.

(2) In determining the lowest evaluated price, the following factors shall be considered, namely:-

(a) the quoted price shall be corrected for arithmetical errors;

(b) in cases of discrepancy between the prices quoted in words and in figures, lower of the two shall be considered;

(c) adjustments to the price quoted shall be made for deviations in the commercial conditions such as the delivery schedules and minor variations in the payment terms which are quantifiable but deemed to be non-material in the context of the particular tender;

⁵²[(d) the evaluation shall include ⁵³[State Goods and Services Tax, Central Goods and Services Tax, Integrated Goods and Services Tax, and all central duties such as customs duty] as a part of the price, as detailed below: -

(i) in evaluation of the price of an imported item, the price has to be determined inclusive of the customs duty;

(ii) in evaluation of the price of articles which are subject to ⁵⁴[State Goods and Services Tax, Central Goods and Services Tax, Integrated Goods and Services Tax], the price has to be determined inclusive of such ⁴⁸[State Goods and Services Tax, Central Goods and Services Tax, Integrated Goods and Services Tax];

⁵² Substituted by Amt. No.1 for the clause '(d) the evaluation shall include all central duties such as customs duty and central excise duty as a part of the price, but shall exclude sales tax if the bidders are from other States and Tamil Nadu,' [TNGGE No.281 / 09-10-2003 (No.SRO A-42(e)/2003) - G.O.Ms.No.412 / 09th October, 2003].

⁵³ Substituted by Amt. No.(i) for the expression 'all central duties such as customs duty and central excise duty and sales tax'' [TNGGE No.228, dated 13-07-2017 (No.SRO A-33(b)/2017) - G.O.Ms.No.215 /13th July 2017].

⁵⁴ Substituted by Amt. No.(ii) for the expression 'central excise' occurring in two places [TNGGE No.228, dated 13-07-2017 (No.SRO A-33(b)/2017) - G.O.Ms.No.215 / 13th July 2017].

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⁵⁵[(iii) and (iv) ...]

(e) in the case of purchase of equipment, the operation and maintenance and spare part costs for appropriate periods as may be specified in bid documents may be quantified, where practicable and considered.

⁵⁶(f) ⁵⁷[...]

(3) In order to secure the best possible procurement price, negotiations with tenderer determined as per ⁵⁸[sub-rules (1) and (2) of this rule] are permissible subject to provisions in section 10 of the Act.

⁵⁹(4) In the event that two or more tenderers have made the same financial bid and the splitting of the tender is not possible in accordance with sub-section (5) of section 10 of the Act, the Tender Accepting Authority shall identify the lowest tenderer by adopting one of the following approaches, which shall be pre-specified in the Tender Documents:

(a) In case of multi-stage tenders, by taking into account the qualification score of each tenderer from the first stage and the tenderer with higher score shall be adjudged the Lowest Tenderer; or

⁵⁵ Omitted by Amt. No.(iii) and (iv) for sub-caluses (iii) in a tender where all the tenderers are from within the State of Tamil Nadu, or where all the tenderers are from outside the State of Tamil Nadu, the [^][Value Added Tax] shall be included for the evaluation of the price; and (iv) In a tender where the tenderers are both from the State of Tamil Nadu as well as from outside the State of Tamil Nadu, [&][the Value Added Tax levied under Tamil Nadu Value Added Tax Act, 2006 (Tamil Nadu Act 32 of 2006)] shall be excluded for the evaluation of the price.] [TNGGE No.228, dated 13-07-2017 (No.SRO A-33(b)/2017) - G.O.Ms.No.215 /13th July 2017]. [^][Substituted by Amt. No.15(a)(i) for the expression 'sales tax, & Substituted by Amt. No.15(a)(ii) for the expression 'the sales tax under the Tamil Nadu General Sales Tax Act, 1959 (Tamil Nadu Act 1 of 1959,' [TNGGE No.345, dated 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

⁵⁶ Added by Amt. No.(2) '(f) the evaluation and comparison shall include fifteen percent price preference for domestic small scale industrial units and ten percent price preference for the public sector undertakings of the Government in respect of products and quantities manufactured by them,' [TNGG No.44 / 21-11-2001 (No.SRO A-72(m-a)/2001) - G.O.Ms.No.452 / 16th November, 2001]. (w.e.f. 1-12-2001)

⁵⁷ Omitted by Amt. No.15(b) [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

⁵⁸ Substituted by Amt. No.15(c) for the expression 'clauses (1) and (2) above,' [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

⁵⁹ Added by Amt. No.15(d), [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

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(b) By asking the two tenderers to provide their best and final offer of the financial bid in a sealed cover and the tenderer offering the most advantageous financial bid shall be adjudged the Lowest Tenderer.

(c) In case, a tie still persists after the procedure contained in clause (a) or (b) of this sub-rule has been followed, the selected tenderer shall be identified by draw of lots, which shall be conducted, with prior notice, in the presence of the tied tenderers or their representatives who choose to be present.]

60[29-A. Treatment of Speculative Tenders.- (1) The Tender Accepting Authority may reject a tender, if it has determined that the financial bid in combination with other constituent elements of the tender is abnormally low or abnormally high in relation to the subject matter of the procurement and raises concerns with such authority as to the ability of the tenderer to perform the contract.

(2) Before arriving at a determination under sub-rule (1), the Tender Accepting Authority may in writing seek such other information from the tenderers as it considers relevant.

(3) The decision of the Tender Accepting Authority to reject a submission in accordance with this rule and the reasons for that decision, and all communications with the tenderer under this rule shall be included in the record of the Tender Proceedings.

(4) The decision of the Tender Accepting Authority and the reasons therefor shall be promptly communicated to the tenderer concerned.]

30. Preparation of Evaluation Report and Award of Tenders.- (1) The Tender Scrutiny Committee or the officer evaluating the tender shall prepare detailed evaluation report which shall be considered by the Tender Accepting Authority before taking a final decision on the tender.

⁶⁰ Added by Amt. No.(16) [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

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(2) The evaluation report shall be prepared in the standardized format as may be prescribed.

(3) As soon as the tenderer qualified to perform the contract is identified, in accordance with section 10(6) of the Act, the Tender Accepting Authority shall pass orders accepting the tender and communicate the order of acceptance to the successful tenderer. The Tender Accepting Authority will also send to the Tender Bulletin Officer a statement of evaluation of the tenders with a comparative statement of tenders received and decision thereon for publication in the Tender Bulletin.

(4) Within such reasonable time as may be indicated in the tender documents, the tenderer whose tender has been accepted will be required to execute the contract agreement in the prescribed format.

(5) In case the successful tenderer fails to execute necessary agreements as prescribed within the period specified, then his Earnest Money Deposit (EMD) shall be forfeited and his tender held as non-responsive.

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⁶¹[CHAPTER VI-A

PURCHASE PREFERENCE

30-A. Purchase preference to domestic enterprises.- In case of procurement of goods or services, where it is possible for the procuring entity to divide the award of tenders to more than one supplier or service provider, the tender document shall clearly indicate that upto twenty five per cent of the total requirement in the procurement may be awarded to domestic enterprise, not being the lowest tender, in respect of only of goods manufactured or produced or services provided or rendered by them, if the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) the lowest tender is not a domestic enterprise;

(b) the preferential award shall extend only to the lowest tender among the domestic enterprises who are substantially responsive and technically qualified; and

(c) such domestic enterprise is willing to match the price of the lowest tender:

Provided that where the Tender Inviting Authority is of the view that in the interest of the participation of domestic enterprise in the tender to avail the above benefit, a less stringent set of technical qualification parameters are required, he shall specify a separate set of technical qualifications for domestic enterprises in the tender documents with the approval of the Government.

⁶¹ *Inserted by Amt. No.5, [TNGGE No.225, dated 26-06-2018 (No.SRO A-35(b)/2018) – G.O.Ms.No.207/26-06-2018].*

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30-B. Purchase preference to Government departments, Public Sector Undertakings, Statutory Boards and other similar institutions.- In case of procurement of goods or services, where it is possible for the procuring entity to divide the award of tenders to more than one supplier or service provider, the tender document shall clearly indicate that upto forty per cent of the total requirement in the procurement may be awarded to Government departments, Public Sector Undertakings, Statutory Boards and other similar institutions as may be notified by the Government, in respect of only of goods manufactured or produced or services provided or rendered by them, if such tenderer is willing to match the price of the lowest tender.]

⁶²30-C. Purchase preference to enterprise owned by Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes.- In case of procurement of goods or services, where it is possible for the procuring entity to divide the award of tenders to more than one supplier or service provider, the tender document, shall indicate that five percent of the total requirement in the procurement shall be awarded to enterprises owned by persons belonging to the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes in respect of only of the goods manufactured or services rendered by it, if the following conditions are satisfied, namely:-

(a) the lowest tenderer is not an enterprise owned by persons belonging to the Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes; and

(b) such enterprises are willing to match the price of the lowest tenderer.”.

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⁶² Inserted by Amt. No. , [TNGGE No.31/24.01.2023 (No. SRO A-1(f)/2023) – G.O.Ms.No.22/24-01-2023].

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CHAPTER-VII.

EVALUATION AND AWARD OF TENDERS IN SPECIAL CASES.

31. Procurement in Special Cases.- In the case of purchase of goods where the quantity offered at the lowest price is less than the total quantity required, the Tender Accepting Authority may, after placing orders with the lowest evaluated tenderer for the entire quantity offered by such tenderer subject to his ability to supply, adopt either or both of the following procedures to procure the balance quantity.-

(1) Negotiate with the next lowest tenderers in strict ascending order of evaluated price and require them to match the price offered by the lowest evaluated tenderer and place orders until the entire quantity required is ordered; or

(2) Require all the other eligible tenderers who participated in the tender and offered a price higher than that offered by the lowest evaluated tenderer, to submit sealed offers of the quantity they would be willing to supply at the price quoted by the lowest evaluated tenderer, and thereafter place orders for the remaining required quantity with all those who match the lowest evaluated price such that those who bid lower prices in the original tender get a higher priority for supply.

(3) In case the bidders other than the lowest evaluated bidder fail to agree to accept the lowest price or the total quantity offered by them at the price quoted by the tenderer with lowest evaluated price is less than the required quantity, the Tender Accepting Authority may place orders for remaining required quantity at different rates with different suppliers in the ascending order of evaluated price until the entire quantity required is covered:

Provided that, where different quantities have to be procured at more than one price from one or more tenderers, the Tender Accepting Authority may decide not to procure beyond a price considered economical although the entire quantity originally stated to be required in the tender documents is not ordered.

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(4) In cases where, the Tender Accepting Authority such as Tamil Nadu Electricity Board, Tamil Nadu Civil Supplies Corporation, Project Director, Integrated Child Development Scheme (ICDS) ⁶³[and Tamil Nadu State Transport Corporations] is of the view that the commodity to be purchased is so vital in nature and the failure in supply would affect the public interest and that it is necessary to have more than one supplier, the Authority may place orders on the tenderer quoting the lowest evaluated price for not less than 60% of the quantity covered in the tender at the price quoted by him and place orders for the remaining quantity on the tenderers quoting the next lowest evaluated prices at the lowest evaluated price and shall specify this in the tender documents.

⁶⁴[Provided that the commodity to be purchased by the Tamil Nadu State Transport Corporations shall be restricted to bus chassis only].

⁶⁵**31-A. Fixed Rate Contract.-** (1) In cases where the prices offered by the Lowest Tenderer are in the opinion of the Tender Accepting Authority higher than the schedule of rates or the prevailing market price and the quantity of goods or services to be procured are of such volume or are required to be delivered at different locations or at different points in time such that it is not practical for the entire supply to be effected by only one or a few suppliers, such authority may for reasons to be recorded in writing and after obtaining the prior approval of Government, follow the fixed rate contract procedure.

(2) The rates for the supply of the goods or services will be determined through a process which shall include the following steps:-:

(a) Open tenders shall be or shall have been called from all eligible tenderers and the rates quoted shall be taken into consideration;

⁶³ *Inserted by Amendment [TNGGE No.183 / 23-03-2002 (No.SRO A-17(b)/2002) - G.O.Ms.No.107 / 23rd March, 2002].*

⁶⁴ *Added by Amendment [TNGG No.40 / 09-10-2007 (No.SRO A-52/2002) - G.O.Ms.No.286 / 13th August, 2002].*

⁶⁵ *Inserted by Amt. No.(17), [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].*

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(b) The rates quoted by the eligible Lowest Tenderer in the open tender shall be compared with the prevailing market rate and the rates of the previous period and if the Tender Accepting Authority is of the view that the quoted rates are too high, the Authority may negotiate with the Lowest Tenderer to ascertain whether further reduction in rates is possible;

(c) If after negotiations, the Tender Accepting Authority is of the view that the rates are still too high with reference to rates of the previous period or prevailing market rates, the Tender Accepting Authority may after considering relevant factors, determine and notify an appropriate rate, as the fixed rate.

(d) All eligible suppliers who accept the fixed rate shall be enlisted by the Procuring Entity for delivery of services.

(e) Where the Procuring Entity deems fit, it may issue an advertisement indicating the rates fixed and call for enrollment of more suppliers at these rates subject to such suppliers fulfilling the eligibility criteria.

(f) Orders for supply of goods or services from the enlisted suppliers shall be placed on the basis of transparent criteria to be indicated in the tender documents or advertisement as the case may be, and shall *inter alia*, include the capacity to supply, past performance of the suppliers where applicable, and giving due priority to the supplier or suppliers who participated in the initial tender and offered the lowest rate.]

32. ⁶⁶[Pre-qualification Procedure in a single stage, two cover system].- (1) The Tender Inviting Authority shall for reasons to be recorded in writing provide for pre-qualification of tenderers on the basis of,-

(a) experience and past performance in the execution of similar contracts;

(b) capabilities of the tenderer with respect to personnel, equipment and construction or manufacturing facilities;

(c) financial status and capacity

(2) Only the bids of pre-qualified bidders shall be considered for evaluation.

⁶⁶ Substituted by Amt. No.18 for the heading 'Prequalification procedures' [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].

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67[32-A. Pre-qualification with Multi-stage Tendering.- (1) A Procuring Entity may invoke the multi-stage tendering process in cases where:

(a) The Procuring Entity assesses that discussions with tenderers are needed to refine aspects of the description of the subject matter of the procurement and to formulate them with precision in order to allow the Procuring Entity to obtain the most satisfactory solution to its procurement needs; or

(b) the successful tenderer is expected to carry out a detailed survey or investigation and undertake a comprehensive assessment of risks, costs and obligations associated with the particular procurement; and

(c) in any other case for reasons to be recorded in writing.

(2) Where the Procuring Entity invokes the multi-stage tendering process, the Tender Inviting Authority shall call for initial submissions containing their applications or proposals without a financial bid, containing the following items, namely:-

(a) proposals relating to the technical, quality or performance characteristics of the subject matter of the procurement;

(b) contractual terms and conditions of supply;

(c) where relevant, the professional and technical competence, experience and qualifications of the tenderers.

(3) The Tender Accepting Authority may, in the first stage, engage in discussions with eligible tenderers concerning any aspect of their initial proposals:

Provided that when the Tender Accepting Authority engages in discussions with any tenderer, it shall extend equal opportunity to all eligible tenderers to participate in discussions.

⁶⁷ *Inserted by Amt. No.(19) [TNGGE No.345 / 11-12-2012 (No.SRO.A-36(a)/2012) - G.O.Ms.No.425 / 11th December, 2012].*

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(4) At the conclusion of the first stage, the Tender Accepting Authority shall pre-qualify the tenderers that fulfill the eligibility criteria, and promptly notify each tenderer whether or not it has been pre-qualified and shall upon request communicate to the tenderers that have not been pre-qualified the reasons therefor:

Provided that if the Tender Accepting Authority is of the view that the number of pre-qualified Tenderers is too small to have an effective competition, the authority may decide not to proceed further with the Tender.

(5) In the second stage, the Tender Accepting Authority shall invite financial tenders from the pre-qualified and short-listed tenderers.

(6) The final tenders received under sub-rule (5) shall be evaluated in order to ascertain the lowest evaluated tenderer in accordance with these rules.]

33. Low Value Procurement.-⁶⁸[For the purposes of clause (d) of section 16 of the Act, 'Low Value Procurement' means any procurement, which is less than rupees fifty lakhs in value for construction, which is less than rupees twenty lakhs in value for vehicles and which is less than rupees twenty five lakhs in value for all other categories of procurement inclusive of consultancies for construction or procurement from any Startup located in this State, of goods manufactured by it, not exceeding rupees fifty lakh in value.]

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⁶⁸ Substituted by Amt. [TNGGE No.539 /05.12.2022 (No.SRO A-26(c)/2022) - G.O.Ms.No.367 / 05-12.2022] and Substituted by Amt. No.2 for Rule 33 "For the purposes of clause (d) of section 16 of the Act, 'Low Value Procurement' means any procurement, which is less than rupees [#][twenty five lakhs] in value for construction and which is less than rupees ten lakhs in value for all other categories of procurement inclusive of consultancies for construction" [TNGGE No.296, dated 19-09-2017 (No.SRO A-41(b-1)/2017) - G.O.Ms.No.270 / 19-09-2017]. [#][The expression "two lakhs in value" was substituted by Amt. No.(3) the expression "five lakh in value", [TNGG No.44 / 21-11-2001 (No.SRO A-72(m-a)/2001) - G.O.Ms.No.452 / 16th November, 2001]. (w.e.f. 1-12-2001)]. Subsequently, the expression 'five lakh in value' was substituted by amendment for the expression 'twenty five lakh in value for construction and which is less than rupees ten lakhs in value for all other categories of procurement inclusive of consultancies for construction' [TNGGE No.212 / 18-08-2009 (No.SRO A-22(a)/2009) - G.O.Ms.No.392 / 18th August, 2009]. [TNGGE No.429 / 19-10-2020 (No.SRO A-37(a)/2020) - G.O.Ms.No.374 / 19th October, 2020].

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69[THE ANNEXURE

[See rule 11 (2)]

1. Financial limits for advertising Tender Notices in newspapers are as follows:

Details of Newspaper			Value of Procurement	
Area	English	Tamil	Goods/ Services	Works
[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]
District	Nil	1 (District edition)	Above Rs.25 lakh and upto Rs.50 lakh	Above Rs.50 lakh and upto Rs.75 lakh.
State	1 (All editions in the State)	1 (All editions in the State)	Above Rs.50 lakh and upto Rs.3 crore.	Above Rs.75 lakh and upto Rs.10 crore.
South India	1 (South India edition)	1 (All editions in the State)	Above Rs.3 crore and upto Rs.5 crore.	Above Rs.10 crore and upto Rs.20 crore.
All India	1 (All India edition)	1 (All editions in the State)	70 Above Rs.5 crore.	Above Rs.20 crore.

2. Conditions for publication of tender advertisements:-

(a) When more than one tender is bunched in a tender notice, the highest value among the individual tenders should be considered to determine the applicable norms. The sum total of values of all individual tenders cannot be considered; and

(b) In the case of international competitive biddings, it would be open for the tender inviting authority to give additional advertisements in more number of newspapers or magazines.]

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⁶⁹ Inserted by Amt. No.6, [TNGGE No.225, dated 26-06-2018 (No.SRO A-35(b)/2018) – G.O.Ms.No.207 / 26-06-2018 and G.O.Ms.No103/11-04-2022

⁷⁰ Substituted by Amt. [TNGGE No.178 /12.05.2023 (No.SRO A-18(a-1)/2023) - G.O.Ms.No.135 / 12.05.2023] and Substituted by Amt. No.2 for Rule 33 “For the purposes of clause (d) of section 16 of the Act, ‘All India , (All India edition) 1, (All India editions in the state), above Rs.5 crore and upto 75 core, Above Rs.20 crore and upto 100 core, Indian Trade Journal Above Rs.75 Crore, Above Rs.100 Crore.